Trauma among juvenile victims of armed conflict and tsunami in Aceh

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ABSTRACT: Study of trauma among juvenile victims of the armed conflict and tsunami conducted due to some assumptions that Aceh was in a prolonged armed conflict and was destroyed by a huge earthquake and tsunami. This study applies Manual Standard Trauma Symptom Inventory (TSI) by Brièr (1995) using purposive sampling method. A total of 1185 adolescent victims of armed conflict and tsunami have been selected to be the subject of this study. The objectives of this study are to determine the effect of trauma, level and sources of trauma. Findings shows that juvenile in Aceh has a significant effect of trauma due to armed conflict and tsunami with medium level of trauma. Results source of trauma shows that armed conflict gave more traumatic experience compare to tsunami.