The Armed Conflict and Tsunami: Sources of Trauma in Social-Cultural Acehness

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Source: Advanced Science, Engineering and Medicine, Volume 7, Number 7, July 2015, pp. 616-619(4)

Publisher: American Scientific Publishers

Abstract:

Study of the armed conflict and tsunami as sources of trauma among juvenile in Aceh conducted due to some assumptions that Aceh was in a prolonged armed conflict of the region's history and was destroyed by a huge earthquake and tsunami. This study was conducted to determine the level of trauma experienced juvenile victims of armed conflict and tsunami in Aceh. Study also to know the differences of source of trauma and districts in Aceh. A total of 1185 high school juvenile has become respondents. This study applies the Manual Standard Trauma Symptom Inventory (TSI) that has been translated into the local language. The study was conducted using purposive sampling using the survey method. The results showed that level of juvenile trauma in Aceh is at a moderate level. The results further indicate that the trauma caused armed conflict more than the tsunami impact of trauma. Another results indicates that the Bireun, South Aceh and Abdya districts more high level of trauma than others.

Keywords: JUVENILE VICTIMS; TRAUMA; TRAUMA SYMPTOM INVENTORY

Document Type: Research Article

DOI: http://dx.doi.org/10.1166/asem.2015.1743

Publication date: July 1, 2015

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