Hand Code al-Quran Typography

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Abstract

Hijaiyyah Sign Code is a sign language of Arabic letters; sign language is used for deaf students to communicate. In this context, we concentrate on the sign language to be taught and learn. There are all 43 Sign code of the Arabic letter and signs ranging from Alif to Ya, the signs, and also the additional letters such as cha, nga, ga, pa, and nya. Typography is the art and technique of arranging the letters using a combination font size, line thickness, and spacing between letters, the distance between the rows and many others. A good typography will make it easier for readers to read what have been given. In general, people prefer to communicate using speech, but for the deaf, there are several ways for them to deliver information. The most widespread communication of this group is by using the language code of hand signals. Currently this type of type (font) character code representing the hands of the Roman (A to Z) was created by David Rakowski in 1991, called Gallaudet, in conjunction with the name of the university for the deaf in the United States. While the code for the letters hand Hijaiyah [Arabic alphabet set that starts with Alif and ends with Ya] in Malaysia was designed by the Department of Special Education, Ministry of Education and has been adopted in the country's special education syllabus. There was no typographical development of these letters, though in the Middle East countries. Researchers believe this innovation will be the first of its kind.

Keyword: hijaiyah, deaf, fakih method, special need, font, typography