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Healthcare Demand
And Out-Of-Pocket Health Expenditure

VOLUME III

Institut Kesihatan Umum · Kementerian Kesihatan Malaysia
NATIONAL HEALTH AND MORBIDITY SURVEY 2011

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HEALTHCARE DEMAND AND OUT-OF-POCKET HEALTH EXPENDITURE

Contributors

The following persons had contributed in the interpretation of findings, discussion on implication, conclusions and/or drawing recommendations for this report.

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TOPIC 1

PERCEIVED NEED & ILLNESS OF THE POPULATION IN MALAYSIA
1.0 PERCEIVED NEED & ILLNESS OF THE POPULATION IN MALAYSIA

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1.1 GENERAL OBJECTIVE
To provide community based data and information on the load of illness in Malaysia.

1.1.1 Specific Objectives
1. To determine the prevalence acute illness/injury.
2. To determine the prevalence of chronic illness/disability.

1.2. PREVALENCE OF ILLNESS

1.2.1 Prevalence of Perceived illness (all ages)
Overall, 33.1% (95% CI, 32.0 - 34.4) of the population reported that they had recent illness 2 weeks prior to the interview. Higher rates were reported by other Bumiputera and the Indian ethnic groups compared to the Malays and the Chinese (Table 1.1).

1.2.2 Severity of illness (all ages)
Population with recent illnesses, 28.8% (95% CI, 27.5 - 30.1) reported that the illness/injury prevented them from carrying out daily activities (at home, work or in school) (Table 1.2).

The average number of days they were unable to perform daily activities was 1.64 days ± 0.0541 (95% CI, 1.53 - 1.74), with a minimum of 0 day (duration less than 24 hours) and a maximum of 14 days (Table 1.3, Figure 1.1).